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Laboratory identification number	LI-V-023-029
Study Report	Testing the virus-reducing performance of photodynamic technology against Adeno virus type 5, Adenoid 75
Test	 Validation of the antiviral activity of parquet flooring coated with eukula 491 VIROBAC using photodynamic technology. Quantitative determination of the recovered virus inoculum according to the following measures in duplicate: 1. U₀: Recovery control (- dye / - light / + virus) 2. U_{td}: Dark control (+ dye / - light / + virus) 3. U_{ti}: Light control (- dye / + light / + virus) 4. U_t: Reference control, untreated test specimen (- dye / - light / + virus) 5. A_t: treated test specimen to determine the antiviral activity of eukula 491 VIROBAC (+ dye / + light / + virus)
	6. Cytotoxicity control
Sponsor	Dr.Schutz GmbH Steinbrinksweg 30 D-31840 Hessisch Oldendorf
Test method	Quantitative test for the evaluation of virucidal activity on coated surfaces
Active substance	Singlet oxygen generated in situ from ambient air
Contact time	4 hours

Labor Prof. Dr. G. Enders MVZ GbR



Interfering substance	Not applicable				
Storage conditions	20.0 °C ± 2.5 °C, dry				
Project description	 Virus contamination of carriers (21.5 cm x 50 cm) coated with eukula 491 VIROBAC by the manufacturer 				
	eukula 491 VIROBAC coated carrier				
	modification of the following test methods:				
		010-03			
	 DIN LIN 10777.2 ISO 21702:2010 	013-03			
Poforonoo dooumonto	• 130 21702.2019				
Reference documents					
	 SOP-ST-VIR.M.0067.09 				
	• SOP-ST-VIR M 0086.01				
		•			
Reference material	FOREX [®] PVC hard foam				
Written	PD Dr. rer. nat. Maren E	ggers			
	Labor Prof. Dr. G. Ender	rs MVZ GbR			
Test facility	Abteilung Virologie				
	Rosenbergstraße 85				
	70193 Stuttgart				
Detec	Begin of testing:	2023-06-14			
Dates	End of testing:	2023-06-21			
Technical assistance	Petra Marquart (cell culture) Niels Fellner				

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1. Materials, media and reagents

1.1. Abbreviations

RF E-MEM FCS	Reduction factor MEM with Earle´s salts Fetal bovine serum
Max	Maximum
Min	Minimum
NEA	Non-essential amino acids
PBS	Phosphates buffered saline (Dulbecco A pH 7.3)
RT	Room temperature
SOPStandard	Standard Operating Procedure

1.2. Apparatus

- Incubator +37 °C \pm 2 °C with CO2 supply
- Fridge 2 8 °C
- Laminar Air Flow
- Mixing device
- Vortexer
- Thermometer
- Pipetting aid (Pipet-Boy)
- 5 ml pipettes
- Eppendorf pipette variable 0.5 µl 10 µl
- Eppendorf pipette variable 10 µl 100 µl
- Eppendorf pipette variable 100 µl 1000 µl
- sterile pipette tips (blue, yellow, white)
- sterile disposable pipettes (1 ml, 5 ml, 10 ml)
- 96-well microtiter plates
- Positive Displacement Pipette Tips (sterile) M
- Multidrop (e.g. laboratory systems)
- Neubauer counting chamber
- Water bath
- Centrifuge
- Inverted microscope

1.3. Materials

- Antibiotics
- E-MEM MEM with Earle's salts
- FCS Fetal calf serum
- NEA Non-essential amino acids
- PBS Phosphate buffered saline solution

2. Identification of the sample and experimental conditions:

Identification of the sample

Product name	eukula 491 VIROBAC
Test surface	21.5 cm x 50 cm
Test specimen	Parquet flooring
Reference Material	FOREX classic PVC hard foam
Carrier	
Date of delivery	2023-06-05
Storage conditions	20.0 °C, dark

Experimental conditions

	Labor Prof. Dr. G. Enders MVZ GbR
T = 4 = 14 =	Rosenbergstr. 85
lest site	70193 Stuttgart
	Germany
Test period	2023-06-14 – 2023-06-21
Test method	ISO 21702:2019-05
Contact time	4 hours
Temperature of incubation	21.5 °C ± 3.5 °C

Identification of the virus

Virus	Adeno virus type 5, Adenoid 75
Virus: source	Virus bank of the DVV (Prof. Dr. A. Sauerbrei/University of Jena)
Virus: batch	260322
Virus: number of passage	n+6/3
Cell line	A549 cells (human lung adenocarcinoma epithelial cell line)
Cell line: source	ATCC (American Type Culture Collection)
Cell line: number of passage	128 / 28
Temperature of cell incubation	37.0 °C ± 1.0 °C, CO2 Incubator (5.0% CO2)

Reference material

Material	FOREX classic
Material source	FOREX classic, white matt with foil on one side, material number: SFSFOXC020RWH1F, thyssenkrupp Plastics GmbH

3. Test methods

The tests were performed according to modifications of the European standard DIN EN 16777:2019-03 and ISO 21702:2019 test methods and according to the SOP-ST-VIR.M.0067.09 plus SOP-ST-VIR.M.0086.01.

Test strain virus and cell culture line

Adenovirus type 5 strain Adenoid 75 was used as the test virus. A549 cells, a cell line established from a human lung adenocarcinoma epithelial cell, were used for virus cultivation and the suspension test. The host cells of the ATCC (American Type Culture Collection) were cultivated at 37.0 °C in a humid atmosphere under 5.0% CO₂. The cells were fed with MEM with Earle's salts supplemented with heat-inactivated fetal calf serum (FCS) and non-essential amino acids. For the virus cultivation, confluent monolayers with a maximum age of 2 days were used. The stock virus suspension was produced according to the directive. Cell debris was separated by low speed centrifugation. Aliquots of the virus suspension were stored at -70°C.

Test procedure

The treated carriers and control carriers were inoculated with 5 x 10 μ l virus, which was diluted in MEM. The titre of the virus suspension was 8.50 ± 0.47 log₁₀ TCID₅₀.

Three carriers were tested for each measure. Immediately after drying, the carriers were placed on the sample tray. Then the irradiation by the blue light LED – modules started according to following settings:

- Intensity: 20 mW / cm²
- voltage: 25 V
- current: 1.089 mA
- contact time: 4 hours

Immediately after the contact time (within 4 hours), the carrier was transferred into 5 ml medium. Each carrier was visually examined for complete elution. For the determination of residual virus titer, a decadal dilution series was prepared. Subsequently, six wells of a microtitre plate containing a confluent monolayer of A549 cells were inoculated with 0.1 ml of each dilution, and the cells were incubated at 37.0 °C in a humidified atmosphere under 5.0% CO₂. After 7 days the cell cultures were stained with 50 µl crystal violet per well. The cells were examined microscopically for cytopathic effects (CPE). The cell culture results were recorded as "0" for no CPE and "1" (25.0% CPE) to "4" (100% CPE) depending on the degree of cell damage.

Calculation of the antiviral activity of the products

The viral titre was calculated using the Spearman-Kärber-method (Br. J. Psychol. 2 (1908): 227-42, Arch. exp. Path. Pharmak. 162 (1931): 480-87).

The antiviral activity is calculated by the following formula

R = (Ut - U0) - (At - U0) = Ut - At

where

R is the antiviral activity;

 U_0 is the average of residual virus recovered from the three untreated test specimens immediately after inoculation; in $\text{TCID}_{50}/\text{ml}$

 U_t is the average of residual virus recovered from the three untreated test specimens after contact time; in $\text{TCID}_{50}/\text{mI}$

 A_t is the average of residual virus recovered from the three treated test specimens after contact time; in TCID₅₀/ml

4. Results and Evaluation

The photodynamic technology in association with **eukula 491 VIROBAC** was tested following an exposure time of 4 hours.

Validity of the test

The infectivity titer of the virus was determined using the endpoint titration method and the titre was given as log_{10} TCID₅₀/ml. The titer of the virus suspension was 8.50 ± 0.47 log_{10} TCID₅₀/ml.

The test specimen caused no cytotoxic effects as shown in Table 1. As shown in Table 2 and 3, by comparing the infectivity titer of virus from the negative control S_n with that from the untreated test specimen S_u or the treated specimen S_t , the logarithmic value meets the requirements of $\leq 0.5 \log_{10}$, and therefore, the suppressive efficiency is confirmed. As can be seen from the Table 4, the internal reference control showed an infectivity of 5.89 \log_{10} TCID₅₀/ml after drying plus an additional 4 hour incubation time.

The titre recovered immediately after inoculation from the untreated test specimens should be within the range of $5 \log_{10} \text{TCID}_{50}/\text{ml}$ to $6 \log_{10} \text{TCID}_{50}/\text{ml}$. The recovery control U₀ showed that the test is valid since the Adeno virus type 5 titer was $\geq 5 \log_{10}$ in the inoculum as depicted in table 5. The mean virus titre recovered from each untreated test specimen after contacting for 4 hours was 7.39 $\log_{10} \text{TCID}_{50}/\text{ml}$.

All conditions for a valid test were fulfilled.

Table 1Verification of cytotoxic effect on host cells

Product	Dilution (log ₁₀)							
Product	10 ⁻⁰	10 ⁻¹	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻³	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁷
eukula 491 VIROBAC	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 2Test results for verification of the test according to ISO 21702:2019-05

Sample	Contact time	Level of cytotoxicity	Titre of the residual virus (log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /ml) with 95.0% confidence interval				
			test 1	test 2	test 3	Mean	
		min 0.50	7.33	7.50	7.17	7.33	
Sn	30 min		±	±	±	±	
			0.54	0.47	0.42	0.48	
		30 min 0.50	6.83	7.17	7.33	7.11	
Su	30 min		±	±	±	±	
			0.42	0.42	0.33	0.39	
	St 30 min	min 0.50	6.83	6.83	7.83	7.17	
St			±	±	±	±	
			0.42	0.42	0.56	0.47	

Table 3Test validity according to ISO 21702:2019-05

Formulae according to 6.6.3.3 ISO 21702:2019	Negative control S _n	Test specimen	Difference	Pass criteria (≤ 0.5) fulfilled
Sn – Su ≤ 0.5	7.33	7.11	0.22	valid
Sn – St ≤ 0.5	7.33	7.17	0.16	valid

 S_n is the average of the common logarithm of the infectivity titer of virus, in TCID₅₀/ml, from three samples of the negative control;

 S_u is the average of the common logarithm of the infectivity titer of virus, in TCID₅₀/ml, recovered from three of the untreated test specimens;

 $S_{\rm t}$ is the average of the common logarithm of the infectivity titer of virus, in TCID₅₀/ml, recovered from three of the treated test specimens.

Table 4Internal control on FOREX surface

Sample	Contact time	Level of cytotoxicity	Tit (log	re of the residual virus ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /ml) with 95.0% confidence interval		
			test 1	test 2	test 3	Mean
Dark control			5.33	5.83	6.50	5.89
U _{td}	4 h	0.50	±	±	±	±
FOREX classic			0.33	0.42	0.47	0.41
Light control			5.83	5.33	5.17	5.44
	4 h	0.50	±	±	±	±
FOREX classic			0.47	0.33	0.56	0.45

 $U_{\rm 0}$ is the average of residual virus recovered from the three untreated test specimens immediately after inoculation; in ${\sf TCID}_{50}/{\sf ml}$

 U_t is the average of residual virus recovered from the three untreated test specimens after contact time; in $\mathsf{TCID}_{50}/\mathsf{mI}$

 A_t is the average of residual virus recovered from the three treated test specimens after contact time; in $\mathsf{TCID}_{50}/\mathsf{mI}$

Table 5Test results on eukula 491 VIROBAC coated test specimen with
Adeno virus type 5, Adenoid 75 according to ISO 22196:2011

Sample	Contact time	Level of cytotoxicity	Titre of the residual virus (log₁₀ TCID₅₀/ml) with 95.0% confidence interval						
			test 1	test 2	test 3	Mean			
Recovery control			7.67	7.50	7.00	7.39			
	0 min	0.50	± 0.54	± 0.47	± 0.45	± 0.49			
Poforonce control			5.67	5.50	5.67	5.61			
	4 h	0.50	±	±	±	±			
•			0.33	0.60	0.56	0.50			
Treated test			4.83	4.83	4.33	4.67			
eukula 491	4 h	0.50	±	±	±	±			
VIROBAC A _t			0.42	0.56	0.33	0.44			

Test date: 2023-06-14 – 2023-06-21

Table 6Calculation of the antiviral activity

eukula 491 VIROBAC R= $(U_t - U_0) - (A_t - U_0) = (5.61 - 7.39) - (4.67 - 7.39) = -1.78 - (-2.72) = 0.94$

R is the antiviral activity;

- $\rm U_0$ is the average of residual virus recovered from the three untreated test specimens immediately after inoculation; in $\rm TCID_{50}/ml$
- $U_t\;$ is the average of residual virus recovered from the three untreated test specimens after contact time; in $TCID_{50}/ml$
- A_t is the average of residual virus recovered from the three treated test specimens after contact time; in $\ensuremath{\mathsf{TCID}_{50}}\xspace$ /ml

Test results

The data of the virucidal efficacy of light emitting LEDs in combination with **eukula 491 VIROBAC** coated parquet flooring is presented in Table 6. The photodynamic inactivation of the Adeno virus type 5, Adenoid 75, by the energy-rich singlet oxygen generated in the test procedure showed a minimal reduction of 0.94 log (88.52 % kill rate) compared to the controls within a 4 hours exposure time. Non-enveloped viruses are relatively resistant.

22.06.2023

Date

A. Eyrs

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Raw data of eukula 491 VIROBAC coated test specimen tested with Adeno virus type 5, Adenoid 75

Date: 2023-06-14 - 2023-06-21

Test	replicate	Light	Contact	t Dilution (log ₁₀)								
specimen		Intensity mW/cm2	time	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	1	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	222 222	002 221	002 000	
Sn	2	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	222 233	120 222	000 200	
	3	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	443 444	232 222	220 220	
Su	1	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	333 333	221 222	210 000	000 000	
	2	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	434 444	223 333	210 012	000 000	
	3	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	344 444	223 333	111 220	000 000	
St	1	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	222 223	022 000	000 000	
	2	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	333 343	200 200	000 000	
	3	N/A	30 min	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	232 323	222 022	010 022	

Raw data of FOREX carrier tested with Adeno virus type 5, Adenoid 75

Date: 2023-06-14 - 2023-06-21

Test	replicate	Light	Contact	Dilution (log ₁₀)								
specimen		Intensity mW/cm2	time	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Dark control U _{td} FOREX classic	1	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	323 222	220 221	000 000	000 000	000 000	
	2	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	422 333	200 200	000 000	000 000	
	3	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	433 333	321 202	000 002	000 000	

Test	replicate	Light	Contact	Dilution (log ₁₀)							
specimen		Intensity mW/cm2	time	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Light control U _{ti} FOREX classic	1	20	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	333 333	121 232	100 000	100 000	000 000
	2	20	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	333 333	012 121	000 000	000 000	000 000
	3	20	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	333 333	022 003	000 001	000 000	000 000

1–4 virus present, degree of CPE in cell culture units (6 wells of microtitre plates)

0 no virus present

n.a. not applicable

n.d. not done

x cytotoxic

Raw data of eukula 491 VIROBAC coated test specimen tested with Adeno virus type 5, Adenoid 75

Date: 2023-06-14 - 2023-06-21

Test	replicate	Light	Contact	t Dilution (log ₁₀)							
specimen		Intensity mW/cm2	time	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Recovery control U₀	1	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	342 333	301 222	300 200
	2	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 344	212 021	001 000
	3	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	222 233	020 032	000 000
Reference control U _t	1	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	333 344	212 133	000 020	000 000	000 000
	2	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	444 444	333 333	030 112	020 010	000 000	000 000
	3	N/A	4 h	444 444	444 444	434 444	323 322	121 112	000 002	000 000	000 000
Treated test	1	20	4 h	444 444	444 444	233 334	223 222	000 012	000 000	000 000	000 000
specimen	2	20	4 h	444 444	444 444	433 333	222 033	210 001	000 000	000 000	000 000
At	3	20	4 h	444 444	444 444	333 333	031 331	000 000	000 000	000 000	000 000
Cytotoxicity control		N/A	4 h	000 000	000 000	000 000	000 000	000 000	000 000	000 000	000 000
Test	replicate	Light	Contact	Dilution (log ₁₀)							
specimen		Intensity mW/cm2	time	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Virus suspension		N/A	0 s	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	444 444	330 122	200 000

1–4 virus present, degree of CPE in cell culture units (6 wells of microtitre plates)

0 no virus present

n.a. not applicable

n. d. not done

x cytotoxic